CLAIMS

Compounds, in D, L or DL form, and salts thereof, of general formula (I):

$$CA - Rep - R$$
 (I)

5 for which:

① CA represents a cycloamidine group and its mesomeric forms of general formula (II):

$$(CH_2)_m \xrightarrow{X} (CH_2)_n R_1 \qquad (II)$$

10 for which:

- m and n are integers, independent of each other, of between 0 and 3 inclusive and such that m+n is greater than or equal to 1,
- R₁ represents a group of general formula (III):

$$-\left[(CH_2)_p - Y \right]_q (*) \qquad (III)$$

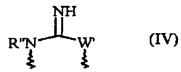
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for which p and q are integers, independent of each other, of between 0 and 10 inclusive, Y represents a carbonyl, amino, methylamino or methylene group, it being possible for Y to have different meanings within the different groups $[(CH_2)_p-Y]$, and (*) represents either a hydrogen atom or is the site for bonding to the group Rep,

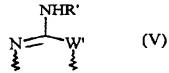
it being understood that R_1 may be bonded to any atom of general formula (II), including Z, and that there is a single group R_1 in formula (II),

- ullet X represents a group NR₂ or CHR₂, R₂ being either a hydrogen atom or the bonding to the group R₁ as defined above,
 - The group V represents:
 - *1st case: a group of general formula(IV):



10 for which W' represents CHR \square or NR \square , and R" and R \square represent, independently of each other, a hydrogen atom, a methyl, or the bonding to the group R₁ as defined above, or

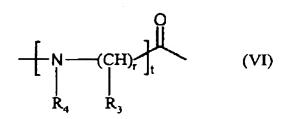
*2nd case: a group of general formula (V):



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for which W' represents CHR \square or NR \square , and R' and R \square represent, independently of each other, a hydrogen atom, a methyl or the bonding to the group R₁ as defined above,

20 ② Rep is absent or is a spacer of general formula (VI):



whose nitrogen atom is attached to the atoms X, V, W or Z or to the substituent Y of the group R_1 depending on the cases, and

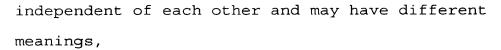
- t is an integer between 0 and 8 inclusive,
 - r is an integer between 0 and 10 inclusive, it being possible for r to have different meanings within the different groups $-NR_4-(CH)_r-$,
- R_3 , which may have different meanings within the different groups NR_4 -(CH) $_rR_3$, represents a hydrogen atom, a methyl group or a group of general formula (VII):

$$-\frac{(CH_2)_s}{R_s} - \frac{1}{N} \frac{1}{U}H$$
 (VII)

for which u is an integer between 1 and 10 inclusive, s

15 is an integer between 2 and 8 inclusive which may have
different meanings within the different groups
-(CH₂)_s-NR₅, and R₅ is a hydrogen atom, a group CA as
defined above, it being understood that the groups CA
are independent from each other and may be different,

20 or a group of general formula (VII), it being
understood that the groups of general formula (VII) are

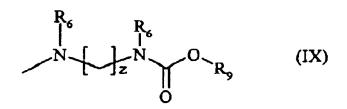


- R₄ is defined in the same manner as R₃ or represents a group CA as defined above, it being understood that the
 groups CA are independent of each other and may be different, and
 - ③ R is bonded to the carbonyl function of the group Rep of general formula (VI), or if Rep is absent, R is bonded directly to the group CA, and represents:
- * either a group of formula NR₆R₇ for which R₆ and R₇ represent, independently of each other, a hydrogen atom or an optionally fluorinated, linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated aliphatic radical containing 1 to 22 carbon atoms, with at least one of the two

 15 substituents R₆ or R₇ different from hydrogen and the other containing between 10 and 22 carbon atoms,
 - * or a steroid derivative,
 - * or a group of general formula (VIII):

$$-[NH-(CH_2)_{x}]_{V}Q \qquad (VIII)$$

for which x is an integer between 1 and 8 inclusive, y is an integer between 1 and 10 inclusive, and either Q represents a group $C(0)NR_6R_7$ for which R_6 and R_7 are as defined above, or Q represents a group $C(0)R_8$ for which R_8 represents a group of formula (IX):

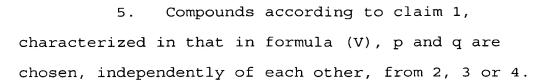


for which z is an integer between 2 and 8 inclusive, and R_9 is an optionally fluorinated, saturated or unsaturated aliphatic radical containing 8 to 22 carbon atoms, or a steroid derivative, and the two substituents R_6 are, independently of each other, as defined above, or R_8 represents a group -O-R₉ for which R_9 is as

- 10 2. Compounds according to claim 1, characterized in that the group R_1 is bonded either to Z or to V, on the one hand, and to the group Rep, on the other hand, via Y.
- Compounds according to claim 1,
 characterized in that the cycloamidine head CA of formula (II) comprises 5, 6, 7 or 8 members.

defined above.

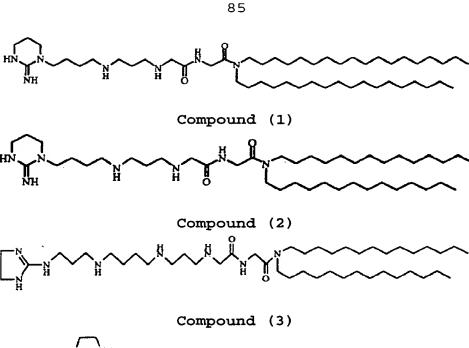
Compounds according to claim 1,
 characterized in that R₃ represents a hydrogen atom or a
 methyl and R₄ is as defined in claim 1, or R₃ and R₄
 present in formula (VI) represent hydrogen atoms, or R₄
 is a hydrogen atom and R₃ is a group of formula (VII) in
 which R₅ represents a group CA.



- 6. Compounds according to claim 1,
- characterized in that the groups R_6 and R_7 are identical or different and each represent optionally fluorinated, linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated aliphatic chains containing 10 to 22 carbon atoms.
- 7. Compounds according to claim 1,

 10 characterized in that the groups R₆ and R₇ are identical or different and each represent optionally fluorinated, linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated aliphatic chains containing 12, 14, 16, 17, 18 or 19 carbon atoms.
- 15 8. Compounds according to claim 1, characterized in that when R is a steroid derivative, the said steroid derivative is chosen from cholesterol, cholestanol, $3-\alpha-5$ -cyclo- $5-\alpha$ -cholestan- $6-\beta$ -ol, cholic acid, cholesteryl formate, chotestanyl formate,
- 20 3α,5-cyclo-5α-cholestan-6β-yl formate, cholesterylamine, 6-(1,5-dimethylhexyl)-3a,5a-dimethylhexadecahydrocyclopenta[a]cyclopropa[2,3]cyclopenta[1,2-f]naphthalen-10-ylamine or cholestanylamine.
- 9. Compounds according to claim 1 of 25 formulae:

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Compound (4)

10 Compound (5)

Compound (6)

Method of preparing the compounds according to claims 1 to 9, characterized in that the synthesis of the building blocks carrying the 15 cycloamidine function(s) is carried out and then these building blocks are grafted onto lipids equipped with spacers.

- 11. Method of preparing the compounds according to claims 1 to 8, characterized in that the synthesis of the analogous lipopolyamines is carried out and then the cyclization into cycloamidine groups is carried out.
 - 12. Composition, characterized in that it comprises at least one compound of general formula (1).
- 13. Composition according to claim 12, characterized in that it comprises a compound of general formula (1) and a nucleic acid.
- 14. Composition according to claims 12 or13, characterized in that it comprises, in addition,15 one or more adjuvants.
 - 15. Composition according to claim 14, characterized in that the adjuvant(s) are one or more neutral lipids containing two fatty chains.
- 16. Composition according to claim 15,

 20 characterized in that the neutral lipids are natural or synthetic lipids which are zwitterionic or lacking ionic charge under physiological conditions, chosen for example from dioleoylphosphatidylethanolamine (DOPE), oleoylpalmitoylphosphatidylethanolamine (POPE),
- 25 di-stearoyl, -palmitoyl, -mirystoylphosphatidylethanolamines as well as their derivatives which are
 N-methylated 1 to 3 times, phosphatidylglycerols,

diacylglycerols, glycosyldiacylglycerols, cerebrosides (such as in particular galactocerebrosides), sphingolipids (such as in particular sphingomyelins) or asialogangliosides (such as in particular asialoGM1 and GM2).

- 17. Composition according to claim 14, characterized in that the adjuvant is a compound involved directly or otherwise in the condensation of the nucleic acid.
- 18. Composition according to claim 17, characterized in that said adjuvant is derived as a whole or in part from a protamine, a histone or a nucleolin and/or from one of their derivatives, or consists, as a whole or in part, of peptide units (KTPKKAKKP) and/or (ATPAKKAA), it being possible for the number of units to vary between 2 and 10, and to be repeated continuously or otherwise.
- 19. Composition according to claims 12 to
 18, characterized in that it contains, in addition, one
 20 or more nonionic surfactant(s) in a sufficient quantity
 to stabilize the size of the particles of nucleolipid
 complexes.
 - 20. Composition according to claims 12 to
 19, characterized in that it comprises a vehicle which
 is pharmaceutically acceptable for an injectable
 formulation.

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- 21. Composition according to claims 12 to 19, characterized in that it comprises a vehicle which is pharmaceutically acceptable for an application to the skin and/or the mucous membranes.
- 5 22. Composition according to claim 13, characterized in that the said nucleic acid is a deoxyribonucleic acid or a ribonucleic acid.
- 23. Composition according to claim 22, characterized in that the said nucleic acid comprises

 0 an expression cassette consisting of one or more genes of therapeutic interest under the control of one or more promoters and of a transcriptional terminator which are active in the target cells.
- 24. Use of a compound according to one of 15 claims 1 to 9, to manufacture a medicament for treating diseases.
 - 25. Use of a compound according to one of claims 1 to 9, to manufacture a medicament for treating diseases by transfer of nucleic acids into cells by the intramuscular route.
 - 26. Method of transferring nucleic acids into cells comprising the following steps:
 - (1) bringing the nucleic acid into contact with a compound of general formula (1) as defined above, to form a nucleolipid complex, and
 - (2) bringing the cells into contact with the nucleolipid complex formed in (1).

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27. Method of transferring nucleic acids into cells according to claim 26, characterized in that the said nucleic acid and/or the said compound are previously mixed with one or more adjuvants.

28. Method of treating diseases by administration of a nucleic acid encoding a protein or which can be transcribed into a nucleic acid capable of correcting the said diseases, the said nucleic acid being combined with a compound of general formula (I).